2016 Personal Tax Credits Return

ompleted TD1

Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

-ıll	out	this	torm	based	on	the	best	estimate	ot	your	circumstances.	

Last name	First name a	and init	ial(s)	Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD)	Employee nun	Employee number				
Address	Pos	tal cod	e	For non-residents only – Country of permanent residence	1	Social in:	suranc	e nun	nber	
Basic personal amount – Every resident of Canada at the same time in 2016, see "More than one employe "Non-residents" on page 2.							1	1,4	74	
2. Family caregiver amount for infirm children under or in 1999 or later, that resides with both parents throw year, the parent who is entitled to claim the "Amount for that same child who is under age 18.	oughout the ye	ear. İf t	he chil	d does not reside with both pare	ents throughout t	he				
3. Age amount – If you will be 65 or older on December less, enter \$7,125. If your net income for the year will get Form TD1-WS, Worksheet for the 2016 Personal To	Il be between	\$35,92	27 and	\$83,427 and you want to calcul						
4. Pension income amount – If you will receive regula Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Guar annual pension income, whichever is less.						on –				
5. Tuition, education, and textbook amounts (full tire or an educational institution certified by Employment are in tuition fees, fill in this section. If you are enrolled full the enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay, plus \$400 month for textbooks. If you are enrolled part time and do you will pay, plus \$120 for each month that you will be a	nd Social Devi time, or if you of for each mor lo not have a	elopme have a nth that mental	ent Car a menta t you w or phy	nada, and you will pay more tha al or physical disability and are ill be enrolled, plus \$65 per sical disability, enter the total of	n \$100 per institu enrolled part time					
6. Disability amount – If you will claim the disability ar Certificate, enter \$8,001.	nount on your	r incom	ie tax r	eturn by using Form T2201, <i>Dis</i>	ability Tax Credit	t				
7. Spouse or common-law partner amount – If you a whose net income for the year will be less than \$11,474 and his or her estimated net income for the year. If his she is infirm), you cannot claim this amount.	4 (\$13,595 if h	ne or sl	he is in	firm) enter the difference between	en this amount	ne or				
8. Amount for an eligible dependant – If you do not he who lives with you, and whose net income for the year the family caregiver amount for children under age ther estimated net income. If his or her net income for the cannot claim this amount.	will be less th	an \$11 epend	,474 (\$ ant), er	313,595 if he or she is infirm an onter the difference between this	d you cannot cla amount and his	aim or				
9. Caregiver amount – If you are taking care of a deper or less, and who is either your or your spouse's or com • parent or grandparent (aged 65 or older), enter \$4, • relative (aged 18 or older) who is dependent on you	mon-law partr 667 (\$6,788 it	ner's: f he or	she is	infirm); or	vill be \$15,940					
If the dependant's net income for the year will be betwee you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1-WS	en \$15,940 a	ınd \$20),607 (8	\$15,940 and \$22,728 if he or sh	e is infirm) and					
10. Amount for infirm dependants age 18 or older – spouse's or common-law partner's relative, who lives in \$6,788. You cannot claim an amount for a dependant if income for the year will be between \$6,807 and \$13,59 appropriate section.	n Canada, and f you or anyor	d whos ne else	e net in has al	icome for the year will be \$6,80 ready claimed it on line 8 or 9. I	7 or less, enter f the dependant's					
11. Amounts transferred from your spouse or commodistion or her age amount, pension income amount, tuition, or her income tax return, enter the unused amount.										
12. Amounts transferred from a dependant – If your income tax return, enter the unused amount. If your or use all of his or her tuition, education, and textbook a	your spouse's	or cor	nmon-l	aw partner's dependent child or	grandchild will n	ot				
13. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT – Add lines 1 to 12.										

Filling	out I	Form	TD1

Fill out this form only if:

- you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance benefits, or any other remuneration;
- you want to change amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed);
- you want to claim the deduction for living in a prescribed zone; or
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source.

Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.

If you do not fill out Form TD1, your employer or payer will deduct taxes after allowing the basic personal amount only.

More than one employer or payer at the same time

If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another Form TD1 for 2016, you **cannot claim them again**. If your total income from all sources will be **more** than the personal tax credits you claimed on another Form TD1, **check** this box, enter "0" on line 13 and do not fill in lines 2 to 12.

Total income less than total claim amount

Check this box if your total income for the year from **all** employers and payers will be **less** than your total claim amount on line 13. Your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

Non-residents (Only fill in if you are a non-resident of Canada.)

As a non-resident of Canada, will 90% or more of your world income be included in determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2016?

Yes (Fill out the previous page.)

No (Enter "0" on line 13, and do not fill in lines 2 to 12 as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.)

If you are unsure of your residency status, call the international tax and non-resident enquiries line at 1-800-959-8281.

Provincial or territorial personal tax credits return

If your claim amount on line 13 is more than \$11,474, you also have to fill out a provincial or territorial TD1 form. If you are an employee, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of employment. If you are a pensioner, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of residence. Your employer or payer will use both this federal form and your most recent provincial or territorial Form TD1 to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

If you are claiming the basic personal amount **only** (your claim amount on line 13 is \$11,474), your employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount.

Note: If you are a Saskatchewan resident supporting children under 18 at any time during 2016, you may be able to claim the child amount on Form TD1SK, 2016 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return. Therefore, you may want to fill out Form TD1SK even if you are **only** claiming the basic personal amount on this form.

Deduction for living in a prescribed zone

If you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed **northern** zone for more than six months in a row beginning or ending in 2016, you can claim:

- \$11.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone; or
- \$22.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling
 that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction.

\$____

Employees living in a prescribed intermediate zone can claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.

For more information, go to www.cra.gc.ca/northernresidents.

Additional tax to be deducted

You may want to have more tax deducted from each payment, especially if you receive other income, including non-employment income such as CPP or QPP benefits, or old age security pension. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax return. To choose this option, state the amount of additional tax you want to have deducted from each payment. To change this deduction later, fill out a new Form TD1.

\$			

Reduction in tax deductions

You can ask to have less tax deducted on your income tax return if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, and tuition and education amounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, *Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source*, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.

Personal information is collected under the *Income Tax Act* and other applicable legislation to administer tax, benefits, and related programs. It may also be used for any purpose related to the administration or enforcement of the Act such as audit, compliance and the payment of debts owed to the Crown. It may be shared or verified with other federal, provincial/territorial government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the *Privacy Act*, individuals have the right to access their personal information and request correction if there are errors or omissions. Refer to Info Source at www.cra.gc.ca/gncy/tp/nfsrc/nfsrc-eng.html, Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 047.

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— Certification ————————————————————————————————————	
I certify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.	
Signature It is a serious offence to make a false return.	DateYYYY/MM/DD